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Mr. Saif Sayah Al-Mansuori

**Head of Listing Companies Dept** 

Abu Dhabi Securities Exchange Market

السيد/ سيف صياح المنصوري المحترم

سوق أبو ظبى للأوراق المالية

تحبة طببة ويعد،،،

رئيس إدارة إدراج الشركات

Dear Sir:

Subject: Results of RAK Properties BOD Meeting held on

4th of Nov. 2017

الموضوع: نتائج إجتماع مجلس ادارة شركة رأس الخيمة العقارية المنعقد بتاريخ ٢٠١٧/١١/٤

Pursuant to our letter dated 30<sup>th</sup> of Oct. 2017, we would like to inform you that the company's BOD held its meeting at 10:00 am on Saturday, 4<sup>th</sup> of Nov. 2017, in RAS Al Khaimah, and discussed the items set out on the agenda, and the following resolution has been adopted:

- Approval of the audited financial data of the third quarter of the year 2017.

The BOD has also taken some administrative matters that have no effect on the share price

بالإشارة الى كتابنا المؤرخ ٢٠١٧/١٠/٣ نرجوا التكرم بالاحاطة بأن مجلس الادارة قد إجتمع في تمام الساعة ١٠:٠٠ صباحا وذلك يوم السبت الموافق ١٠٢/١١/٢ برأس الخيمة ، حيث تم مناقشة البنود المدرجة على جدول الأعمال ،وتم اتخاذ القرار التالي:

- المصادقة على البيانات المالية المدققة للربع الثالث من العام المالي ٢٠١٧.

هذا وتم اتخاذ بعض القرارات الادارية الاعتيادية الأخرى التي لا تأثير لها على سعر السهم وحركته في السوق

Best Regards,

Mohammed Sultan Al Qadi Managing Director &CEO LABOR BOYAN WITH MANAGER TIES

محمد سلطان القاضي التنفيذي العضو المنتدب / الرئيس التنفيذي

و تفضلوا بقبول فائق التقدير و الاحترام

المارلقانون



## Directors Report for the Nine Month Ended 30th September 2017

On behalf of the board of Directors of RAK Properties PJSC, I am pleased to present the Financials results of the Company for the Nine month ended 30<sup>th</sup> September 2017.

During the period, RAK Properties achieved a revenue of AED 270 M. (2016 AED 305 M) and net profit of AED 75 M (2016 AED 79 M). Total asset of the group is AED 5.11 Billion

## Summary of the financial as follows:

AED '000

Income Statement	30th Sept. 2017	30th Sept. 2016
Revenue	269,995	305,466
Cost of Revenue	(159,416)	(206,894)
Gross Profit	110,579	98,572
Profit for the period	74,730	79,146
Balance Sheet	30th Sept. 2017	31st Dec. 2016
Non current Assets	3,907,424	3,773,159
Current Assets	1,198,248	1,214,124
Total Assets	5,105,672	4,987,283
Non current Liabilities	687,540	680,780
Current Liabilities	610,458	455,629
Total Equity	3,807,674	3,850,874
Total Equity & Liabilities	5,105,672	4,987,283

*North Bay Residence Tower*, in Hayat Island, Ras Al Khaimah was launched during Dubai Cityscape in September 2017. The North Bay is a beach front residential tower highlights the idyllic natural environment of Ras Al Khaimah.

*Gateway Residence*, Mina Al Arab launched during 1<sup>st</sup> qtr. The construction of the project is awarded and the work is in progress.

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Julphar Residence, Reem Island, Abu Dhabi is under construction and this project will be soon released for sale.

Two 5\* hotels are in development, (Intercontinental and Anantara). These hospitality projects are developed in line with the Corporate Strategy targeting to add hospitality revenue into the group income stream.

Mohammad Sultan Al Qadi Managing Director and CEO

## RAK PROPERTIES P.J.S.C. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Review report and consolidated interim financial information for the nine months period ended 30 September 2017

## RAK PROPERTIES P.J.S.C. AND SUBSIDIARIES

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#### REPORT ON REVIEW OF CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL INFORMATION

To the Board of Directors RAK Properties P.J.S.C. Ras Al Khaimah United Arab Emirates

Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying condensed consolidated statement of financial position of RAK Properties P.J.S.C. (the "Company") and its Subsidiaries (together the "Group") as at 30 September 2017 and the related condensed consolidated statements of income, comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the nine months period then ended. Management is responsible for the preparation and presentation of this consolidated interim financial information in accordance with International Accounting Standard 34, "Interim Financial Reporting". Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on this consolidated interim financial information based on our review.

#### Scope of review

We conducted our review in accordance with the International Standard on Review Engagements 2410, "Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity". A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

#### Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying consolidated interim financial information is not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with International Accounting Standard 34, "Interim Financial Reporting".

Deloitte & Touche (M.E.)

Signed by: Samir Madbak

Registration No. 386

4 November 2017

Sharjah, United Arab Emirates

# Condensed consolidated statement of financial position At 30 September 2017

	Notes	30 September 2017 AED '000 (Unaudited)	31 December 2016 AED '000 (Audited)
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
Property and equipment	4	438,324	446,666
Investment properties	5	1,960,887	1,960,887
Investment properties under development	6	339,174	295,299
Trading properties under development	7	670,961	654,093
Investments	8	260,214	269,025
Advances		66,603	77,573
Trade and other receivables		171,261	69,616
Total non-current assets		3,907,424	3,773,159
Current assets			
Trading properties under development	7	145,477	168,890
Investments	8	34,078	39,333
Advances		59,814	66,502
Trading properties	9	315,874	354,187
Trade and other receivables		288,896	262,864
Bank balances and cash	10	354,109	322,348
Total current assets		1,198,248	1,214,124
Total assets		5,105,672	4,987,283

## Condensed consolidated statement of financial position (continued) At 30 September 2017

	Notes	30 September 2017 AED '000 (Unaudited)	31 December 2016 AED '000 (Audited)
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Capital and reserves	11	2 000 000	2,000,000
Share capital Statutory reserve	11 12	2,000,000 1,000,000	1,000,000
General reserve	13	557,644	557,644
Cumulative changes in fair value of available-for- sale	15	337,044	557,011
investments		805	13,735
Retained earnings		249,225	279,495
Total equity		3,807,674	3,850,874
Non-current liabilities			
Provision for employees' end of service indemnity		4,524	4,145
Deferred government grants	5	656,756	656,756
Advances from customers		26,260	19,879
Total non-current liabilities		687,540	680,780
Current liabilities			
Advances from customers		4,889	2,443
Borrowings	15	357,649	140,812
Trade and other payables		247,920	312,374
Total current liabilities		610,458	455,629
Total liabilities		1,297,998	1,136,409
Total equity and liabilities		5,105,672	4,987,283

Mohammad Sultan Al Qadi

**Managing Director** 

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

## Condensed consolidated statement of income (unaudited) for the nine months period ended 30 September 2017

		Three months p 30 2017	eriod ended September 2016	Nine months p 30 2017	oeriod ended O September 2016
	Notes	AED '000	AED '000	AED '000	AED '000
Revenue	16	58,697	158,363	269,995	305,466
Cost of revenue		(32,575)	(110,360)	(159,416)	(206,894)
Gross profit		26,122	48,003	110,579	98,572
Other operating income		2,690	443	6,815	3,728
General and administrative expenses		(23,526)	(10,035)	(46,693)	(28,467)
Operating profit		5,286	38,411	70,701	73,833
Gain on sale of investments		4,670	-	4,670	-
Net change in fair value of investments at fair value through		(632)	1,469	(5,256)	3,448
profit or loss		(632)	1,409	(3,230)	3,440
Finance income - net		3,739	573	4,615	1,865
Profit for the period		13,063	40,453	74,730	79,146
Basic earnings per share for the period (AED)	17	0.006	0.02	0.04	0.04

Condensed consolidated statement of comprehensive income (unaudited) for the nine months period ended 30 September 2017

		onths period September	Nine months po	eriod ended September
	2017 AED'000	2016 AED'000	2017 AED'000	2016 AED'000
Profit for the period	13,063	40,453	74,730	79,146
Other comprehensive income:				
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:				
On disposal of available-for-sale investments	(9,450)	-	(9,450)	-
Decrease in fair value of available-for-sale investments	(3,480)	-	(3,480)	-
Other comprehensive loss for the period	(12,930)	-	(12,930)	-
Total comprehensive income for the period	133	40,453	61,800	79,146

RAK PROPERTIES P.J.S.C. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Condensed consolidated statement of changes in equity for the nine months period ended 30 September 2017

Cumulative changes

	Share capital AED '000	Statutory reserve AED '000	General reserve AED '000	in fair value of available – for - sale investments AED '000	Retained earnings AED '000	Total AED '000
Balance at 31 December 2015 (audited) Effect of change in accounting policy	2,000,000	1,000,000	540,163	660'9	205,814	3,752,076
Balance as at 1 January 2016 Profit for the period	2,000,000	1,000,000	540,163	660'9	225,662 79,146	3,771,924
Total comprehensive income for the period	'				79,146	79,146
Board of Directors' remuneration Dividends (Note 14)	1 1				(3,500)	(3,500)
Balance at 30 September 2016 (unaudited)	2,000,000	1,000,000	540,163	660'9	201,308	3,747,570
Balance at 31 December 2016 (audited)	2,000,000	1,000,000	557,644	13,735	279,495	3,850,874
Profit for the period	1	,	l l	T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T	74,730	74,730
Other comprehensive loss for the period	•	,	1	(12,930)		(12,930)
Total comprehensive income for the period				(12,930)	74,730	61,800
Board of Directors' remuneration	'				(5,000)	(5,000)
Dividends (Note 14)	ı		•	•	(100,000)	(100,000)
Balance at 30 September 2017 (unaudited)	2,000,000	1,000,000	557,644	805	249,225	3,807,674

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

## RAK PROPERTIES P.J.S.C. AND SUBSIDIARIES

## Condensed consolidated statement of cash flows (unaudited) for the nine months period ended 30 September 2017

	Nine months period ende	d 30 September
	2017	2016
	<b>AED</b> '000	AED '000
Cash flows from operating activities		
Profit for the period	74,730	79,146
Adjustments for:	0.545	0.045
Depreciation of property and equipment	9,215	8,245
Finance income – net	(4,615)	(1,865)
Dividend income	(1,046)	(980)
Net change in fair value of investments at fair value through		
profit or loss	5,256	(3,448)
Gain on disposal of property and equipment	(8)	-
Gain on disposal of investment	(4,670)	-
Provision for employees end of service indemnity	661	477
Operating cash flows before changes in operating assets and		
liabilities	79,523	81,575
Decrease in trading properties	38,313	108,217
Decrease/(increase) in trading properties under development	17,165	(12,763)
Increase in trade and other receivables	(122,709)	(100,152)
Decrease in advances	17,658	860
(Decrease)/increase in trade and other payables	(63,062)	24,378
Increase/(decrease) in advances from customers	8,827	(7,402)
Cash (used in) /generated from operating activities	(24,285)	94,713
Employees' end of service indemnity paid	(282)	(166)
Net cash (used in)/generated from operations	(24,567)	94,547
Cash flows from investing activities		
Purchase of property and equipment	(873)	(2,570)
Proceeds on sale of property and equipment	8	-
Interest income received	578	411
Dividend income received	1,046	980
Fixed deposits made	(35,000)	-
Proceeds from disposal of investments	551	-
Increase in investment properties under development	(49,796)	(32,915)
	(02.496)	(34,094)
Net cash used in investing activities	(83,486)	(34,034)
Cash flows from financing activities	44.00.60.60	(104.240)
Dividend paid	(100,696)	(104,349)
Repayment of term loan	214.02	(91,850)
Increase in bank overdraft	216,837	133,799
Interest paid	(5,631)	(3,450)
Board of Directors' remuneration	(5,000)	(3,500)
Net cash generated from/(used in) financing activities	105,510	(69,350)
-		
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(2,543)	(8,897)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period	4,594	11,279
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period (Note 19)	2,051	2,382

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

#### 1. General information

RAK Properties P.J.S.C. (the "Company") is a public joint stock company established under Emiree Decree No. 5 issued by the Ruler of the Emirate of Ras Al Khaimah on 16 February 2005 and commenced its operations on 2 June 2005. The Company is listed in the Abu Dhabi Securities Market. The registered head office of the Company is P.O. Box 31113, Ras Al Khaimah, United Arab Emirates.

The condensed consolidated financial statements as at and for the nine months period ended 30 September 2017 comprises the financial statement of the Company and its subsidiaries, (together referred to as the "Group").

The principal activities of the Group are investment in and development of properties, property management and related services.

## 2. Application of new and revised International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS")

## 2.1 New and revised IFRS applied with no material effect on the condensed consolidated financial statements

The following new and revised IFRS, which became effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2017, have been adopted in these condensed consolidated financial statements. The application of these revised IFRSs has not had any material impact on the amounts reported for the current period and prior years but may affect the accounting for future transactions or arrangements.

- Amendments to IAS 12 Income Taxes relating to the recognition of deferred tax assets for unrealised losses
- Amendments to IAS 7 Statement of Cash Flows to provide disclosures that enable users of financial statements to evaluate changes in liabilities arising from financing activities
- Annual Improvements to IFRS Standards 2014–2016 Cycle Amendments to IFRS 12
   Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities

## 2.2 New and revised IFRSs in issue but not yet effective and not early adopted

The Group has not early applied the following new standards, amendments and interpretations that have been issued but are not yet effective:

New and revised IFRSs

Effective for annual periods beginning on or after

Annual Improvements to IFRS Standards 2014 – 2016 Cycle amending IFRS | First-time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards and IAS 28 Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures (2015)

1 January 2018

- 2. Application of new and revised International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs") (continued)
- 2.2 New and revised IFRSs in issue but not yet effective and not early adopted (continued)

#### New and revised IFRSs

Effective for annual periods beginning on or after

Amendments to IFRS 2 *Share Based Payment* regarding classification and measurement of share based payment transactions.

1 January 2018

Amendments to IFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures relating to disclosures about the initial application of IFRS 9

When IFRS 9 is first applied

IFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures relating to the additional hedge accounting disclosures (and consequential amendments) resulting from the introduction of the hedge accounting chapter in IFRS 9

When IFRS 9 is first applied

IFRS 9 *Financial Instruments* (revised versions in 2009, 2010, 2013 and 2014)

1 January 2018

IFRS 9 issued in November 2009 introduced new requirements for the classification and measurement of financial assets. IFRS 9 was subsequently amended in October 2010 to include requirements for the classification and measurement of financial liabilities and for derecognition, and in November 2013 to include the new requirements for general hedge accounting. Another revised version of IFRS 9 was issued in July 2014 mainly to include a) impairment requirements for financial assets and b) limited amendments to the classification and measurement requirements by introducing a 'fair value through other comprehensive income' (FVTOCI) measurement category for certain simple debt instruments.

A finalised version of IFRS 9 which contains accounting requirements for financial instruments, replacing IAS 39 *Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement.* The standard contains requirements in the following areas:

1 January 2018

by reference to the business model within which they are held and their contractual cash flow characteristics. The 2014 version of IFRS 9 introduces a 'fair value through other comprehensive income' category for certain debt instruments. Financial liabilities are classified in a similar manner to under IAS 39, however there are differences in the requirements applying to the measurement of an entity's own credit risk.

- 2. Application of new and revised International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs") (continued)
- 2.2 New and revised IFRSs in issue but not yet effective and not early adopted (continued)

New and revised IFRSs

Effective for annual periods beginning on or after

IFRS 9 Financial Instruments (revised versions in 2009, 2010, 2013 and 2014) (continued)

- Impairment: The 2014 version of IFRS 9 introduces an 'expected credit loss' model for the measurement of the impairment of financial assets, so it is no longer necessary for a credit event to have occurred before a credit loss is recognised
- Hedge accounting: Introduces a new hedge accounting model that
  is designed to be more closely aligned with how entities undertake
  risk management activities when hedging financial and nonfinancial risk exposures.
- **Derecognition**: The requirements for the derecognition of financial assets and liabilities are carried forward from IAS 39.

IFRS 16 Leases 1 January 2019

IFRS 16 specifies how an IFRS reporter will recognise, measure, present and disclose leases. The standard provides a single lessee accounting model, requiring lessees to recognise assets and liabilities for all leases unless the lease term is 12 months or less or the underlying asset has a low value. Lessors continue to classify leases as operating or finance, with IFRS 16's approach to lessor accounting substantially unchanged from its predecessor, IAS 17.

IFRIC 22 Foreign Currency Transactions and Advance Consideration

1 January 2018

The interpretation addresses foreign currency transactions or parts of transactions where:

- there is consideration that is denominated or priced in a foreign currency;
- the entity recognises a prepayment asset or a deferred income liability in respect of that consideration, in advance of the recognition of the related asset, expense or income; and
- the prepayment asset or deferred income liability is non-monetary.

Amendments to IFRS 4 *Insurance Contracts*: Relating to the different effective dates of IFRS 9 and the forthcoming new insurance contracts standard.

1 January 2018

- 2. Application of new and revised International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs") (continued)
- 2.2 New and revised IFRSs in issue but not yet effective and not early adopted (continued)

#### New and revised IFRSs

Amendments to IAS 40 *Investment Property*: Amends paragraph 57 to state that an entity shall transfer a property to, or from, investment property when, and only when, there is evidence of a change in use. A change of use occurs if property meets, or ceases to meet, the definition of investment property. A change in management's intentions for the use of a property by itself does not constitute evidence of a change in use. The paragraph has been amended to state that the list of examples therein is non-exhaustive.

Effective for annual periods beginning on or after

1 January 2018

Amendments to IFRS 10 Consolidated Financial Statements and IAS 28 Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures (2011) relating to the treatment of the sale or contribution of assets from and investor to its associate or joint venture.

Effective date deferred indefinitely

IFRS 17 'Insurance contracts'. The standard requires insurance liabilities to be measured at a current fulfillment value and provides a more uniform measurement and presentation approach for all insurance contracts. These requirements are designed to achieve the goal of a consistent, principle-based accounting for insurance contracts

1 January 2021

Management anticipates that these new standards, interpretations and amendments will be adopted in the Group's financial statements as and when they are applicable and adoption of these new standards, interpretations and amendments, except for IFRS 9 and IFRS 16, may have no material impact on the financial statements of the Group in the period of initial application.

Management anticipates that IFRS 9 and IFRS 16 will be adopted in the Group's financial statements for the annual period beginning 1 January 2018 and 1 January 2019 respectively. The application of IFRS 9 and IFRS 16 may have significant impact on amounts reported and disclosures made in the Group's financial statements in respect of the Group's financial assets and liabilities. However, it is not practicable to provide a reasonable estimate of effects of the application of their standard until the Group performing a detailed review

IFRS 15 Revenue from contracts with customers was issued in May 2014 and is effective for annual periods commencing on or after 1 January 2018, with early adoption permitted. The Group has elected to early adopt IFRS 15 with effect from 1 January 2016.

#### 3. Summary of significant accounting policies

#### 3.1 Statement of compliance

The condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS).

## 3. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

## 3.2 Basis of preparation

These condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard (IAS) No. 34, "Interim Financial Reporting".

The condensed consolidated financial statements are presented in United Arab Emirates Dirhams (AED in thousands) since that is the currency in which the majority of the Group's transactions are denominated.

These condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, except for the revaluation of certain financial instruments and investment properties.

The accounting policies, presentation and methods in these condensed consolidated financial statements are consistent with those used in the audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2016.

These condensed consolidated financial statements do not include all the information required for full annual consolidated financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the Group's audited consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended 31 December 2016. In addition, results for the nine months period ended 30 September 2017 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the financial year ending 31 December 2017.

The accounting policies in respect of property and equipment, investment properties, investment properties under development, trading properties under development, trading properties and investments are stated below as required by Securities and Commodities Authority notification dated 12 October 2008.

#### 3.3 Property and equipment

Property and equipment are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment loss. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the asset.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance expenses are charged to the profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate the assets' cost to their residual values over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Buildings 4 - 5
Other assets 10 - 25

The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at each year-end, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

## 3. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

## 3.3 Property and equipment (continued)

The gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in the profit or loss.

## 3.4 Investment properties

Investment properties are properties, held to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation, is measured initially at its cost, including transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are measured at fair value. Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of investment properties are included in the profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

#### 3.5 Investment properties under development

Investment properties under development that are being constructed or developed for future use as investments properties are measured initially at cost including all direct costs attributable to the design and construction of the properties including related staff costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties under development is measured at fair value. Gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value of investment properties under development are included in the profit or loss in the period in which they arise. Upon completion of construction or development, such properties are transferred to investment properties.

#### 3.6 Trading properties under development

Properties in the process of construction or development for the purpose of sale on completion are classified as trading properties under development. They are measured at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale. Cost of trading properties under development is determined on the basis of specific identification of their individual costs. The classification of trading properties under development as current and non-current depends upon the expected date of their completion.

## 3.7 Trading properties

Properties either acquired or developed for the purpose of sale in ordinary course of business are classified as trading properties. These properties are measured at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs necessary to make the sale. Cost of trading properties is determined on the basis of specific identification of their individual costs.

## 3. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

#### 3.8 Investments

#### 3.8.1 Financial assets at FVTPL

Financial assets are classified as at FVTPL when the financial asset is either held for trading or it is designated as at FVTPL.

A financial asset is classified as held for trading if:

- o it has been acquired principally for the purpose of selling it in the near term; or
- o on initial recognition it is part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that the Group manages together and has a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
- o it is a derivative that is not designated and effective as a hedging instrument.

A financial asset other than a financial asset held for trading may be designated as at FVTPL upon initial recognition if:

- o such designation eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency that would otherwise arise; or
- the financial asset forms part of a group of financial assets or financial liabilities or both, which is managed and its performance is evaluated on a fair value basis, in accordance with the Group's documented risk management or investment strategy, and information about the grouping is provided internally on that basis; or
- o it forms part of a contract containing one or more embedded derivatives, and IAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement permits the entire combined contract (asset or liability) to be designated as at FVTPL.

Financial assets at FVTPL are stated at fair value, with any gains or losses arising on remeasurement recognised in profit or loss. The net gain or loss recognised in profit or loss incorporates any dividend or interest earned on the financial asset and is included in the condensed consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

#### 3.8.2 Available-for-sale financial assets (AFS financial assets)

The Group has investments that are not traded in an active market and are classified as AFS financial assets and stated at fair value because management considers that fair value can be reliably measured. Gains and losses arising from changes in fair value are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the cumulative change in fair values with the exception of impairment losses, which are recognised in profit or loss. Where the investment is disposed of or is determined to be impaired, the cumulative gain or loss previously accumulated in the cumulative change in fair values is reclassified to profit or loss.

The fair value of AFS monetary assets denominated in a foreign currency is determined in that foreign currency and translated at the spot rate at the reporting date. The change in fair value attributable to translation differences that result from a change in amortised cost of the asset is recognised in profit or loss, and other changes are recognised in other comprehensive income.

- 3. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)
- 3.8 Investments (continued)
- 3.8.3 Held-to-maturity investments

Held-to-maturity investments are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturities that the Group's management has the positive intention and ability to hold to maturity. Held-to-maturity investments are recorded at amortised cost using the effective interest method less any impairment, with revenue recognised on an effective yield basis. Where the Group decides to sell other than an insignificant amount of held-to-maturity assets, the entire category is considered to be tainted and reclassified as available-for-sale.

#### 3.9 Basis of consolidation

The condensed consolidated financial statements of RAK Properties P.J.S.C (the "Company") and Subsidiaries (the "Group") incorporate the financial statements of the Company and the enterprise controlled by the Company (its Subsidiaries).

Control is achieved when the Company:

- · has power over the investee;
- is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee; and
- has the ability to use its power to affect its returns.

The Company reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control listed above.

When the Company has less than a majority of the voting rights of an investee, it has power over the investee when the voting rights are sufficient to give it the practical ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee unilaterally.

The Company considers all relevant facts and circumstances in assessing whether or not the Company's voting rights in an investee are sufficient to give it power, including:

- the size of the Company's holding of voting rights relative to the size and dispersion of holdings of the other vote holders;
- potential voting rights held by the Company, other vote holders or other parties;
- · rights arising from other contractual arrangements; and
- any additional facts and circumstances that indicate that the Company has, or does not have, the
  current ability to direct the relevant activities at the time that decisions need to be made, including
  voting patterns at previous shareholders' meetings.

Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Company obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Company loses control of the subsidiary. Specifically, income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired or disposed of during the period are included in the condensed consolidated income statement and condensed consolidated statement of other comprehensive income from the date the Company gains control until the date when the Company ceases to control the subsidiary.

## 3. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

## 3.9 Basis of consolidation (continued)

Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests. Total comprehensive income of subsidiaries is attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

When necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies in line with the Group's accounting policies.

All significant intra-group transactions, balances, income and expenses are eliminated on consolidation.

#### 3.9.1 Subsidiaries:

Details of the Company's subsidiaries at 30 September 2017 are as follows:

Name of subsidiary	Country of incorporation	Proportion of ownership interest
RAK Properties International Limited	United Arab Emirates	100%
RAK Properties Tanzania Limited	Tanzania	100%
Dolphin Marina Limited	Tanzania	100%

RAK Properties Tanzania Limited, Tanzania, is a subsidiary of RAK Properties International Limited and Dolphin Marina Limited, Tanzania, is a subsidiary of RAK Properties Tanzania Limited, Tanzania.

The principal activities of the subsidiaries are real estate investment and property management activities.

#### 4. Property and equipment

Property and equipment mainly comprises land and buildings that are located in United Arab Emirates.

## 5. Investment properties

	30 September 2017 AED '000 (unaudited)	31 December 2016 AED '000 (audited)
Inside U.A.E.	1,960,887	1,960,887

## 5. Investment properties (continued)

During 2011, the Group has accounted for remaining portion of land granted as deferred Government grant at an aggregate value of AED 571 million with a corresponding increase to investment properties and trading properties under development. Furthermore, during 2016, an amount of AED 85.8 million was accounted as fair value increase (non cash transaction) pertaining to the above land granted by Government and deferred Government grant increased to AED 657 million. This deferred Government Grant will be released to the consolidated statement of income on the fulfilment of the conditions stipulated by the Government.

## 6. Investment properties under development

	30 September	31 December
	2017	2016
	AED '000	AED '000
	(unaudited)	(audited)
Balance at beginning of the period/year	295,299	266,538
Cost incurred	49,796	28,761
Transferred to trading property under development	(5,921)	-
Balance at end of the period/year	339,174	295,299

Investment properties under development are located in United Arab Emirates.

## 7. Trading properties under development

	30 September	31 December
	2017	2016
	AED '000	AED '000
	(unaudited)	(audited)
Non- Current assets		
Inside U.A.E.	653,927	637,059
Outside U.A.E.	17,034	17,034
Balance at the end of the period/year	670,961	654,093
	30 September	31 December
	2017	2016
	AED '000	AED '000
	(unaudited)	(audited)
Current assets	•	
Inside U.A.E.	145,477	168,890

## 8. Investments

	30 September 2017 AED '000 (unaudited)	31 December 2016 AED '000 (audited)
Non-current investments		
Available-for-sale Private equity investments	360,244	371,265
Quoted equity securities	52,204	v
Real estate fund	167,200	277,241
	579,648	648,506
Held to maturity investment	8,270	8,270
	587,918	656,776
Less: provision for impairment	(327,704)	(387,751)
	260,214	269,025
Current investments		
At fair value through profit or loss	34,078	39,333
The details of the Group's investments are as follows:		
,	30 September	31 December
	2017 AED '000	2016 AED '000
	(unaudited)	(audited)
Non-current investments		
Available-for-sale		
Investments within United Arab Emirates	241,136	241,136
Unquoted private equity investments Unquoted funds	15,256	15,256
	256,392	256,392
Investments outside United Arab Emirates		
Unquoted private equity investments	119,108	130,129
Quoted equity securities Unquoted funds	52,204 151,944	261,985
Oliquoted fullus		
	323,256	392,114
Held to maturity investment	8,270	8,270
Gross value for non-current investments	587,918	656,776
Less: Provision for impairment	(327,704)	(387,751)
	260,214	269,025

## 9. Trading properties

	30 September	31 December
	2017	2016
	AED '000	AED '000
	(unaudited)	(audited)
Balance at beginning of the period/year	354,187	439,104
Transferred from investment properties	-	9,654
Transferred from trading property under development	-	62,127
Cost of properties sold	(38,313)	(156,698)
Balance at end of the period/year	315,874	354,187

All trading properties are located in United Arab Emirates.

#### 10. Bank balances and cash

	30 September	31 December
	2017	2016
	AED '000	AED '000
	(unaudited)	(audited)
Cash in hand	10	4
Bank balances:		
Current accounts	578	719
Current accounts – unclaimed dividends	52,058	52,754
Call accounts	1,463	3,871
Term deposits	300,000	265,000
	354,109	322,348

Current accounts – unclaimed dividends should be utilised only for the payment of dividend and should not be used for any other purposes.

Fixed deposit amounting to AED 300 million is under lien against bank overdraft facility. At 30 September 2017, outstanding balance in the bank overdraft is AED 357,649 thousands (31 December 2016: 140,812 thousands) (Note 15).

Bank balances and cash are maintained in United Arab Emirates.

## 11. Share capital

The authorised issued and fully paid up share capital of the Company is AED 2 billion (3! December 2016: AED 2 billion) divided into 2 billion shares with par value of AED 1 each.

## 12. Statutory reserve

In accordance with UAE Federal Law No. (2) of 2015, and the Company's Articles of Association, 10% of net profit for the year is required to be transferred to statutory reserve till the reserve reaches 50% of Company's paid up share capital. The reserve is not available for distribution except in the circumstances stipulated by the law. No transfer was made to statutory reserve for the year ended 31 December 2016 as the balance in the reserve has reached 50% of Company's paid up share capital.

#### 13. General reserve

In prior years, the Company has transferred 10% of the annual net profit to the general reserve. This reserve shall be used for the purposes decided by the ordinary general meeting upon the suggestion of the Board of Directors.

#### 14. Dividends

At the annual general meeting held on 18 March 2017, the shareholders approved cash dividend of 5% amounting to AED 100 million (AED 5 fils per share) for the year ended 31 December 2016 (2015: 5%, AED 100 million). Shareholders also approved the Board of Directors' remuneration of AED 5 million for the year ended 31 December 2016 (2015: AED 3.5 million).

#### 15. Borrowings

	30 September 2017 AED '000 (unaudited)	31 December 2016 AED '000 (audited)
Bank overdraft	357,649	140,812

The Group obtained overdraft facility of AED 400 million from commercial banks. Interest on overdraft will be computed at 0.50% over the fixed rate up to the fixed deposit amount, and overdraft balance exceeding the deposit balance will be charged at the 3 months EIBOR+3.20% per annum with a minimum interest of 4.25% per annum.

The overdraft facility of the Group is secured by:

- Lien over fixed deposit for AED 300 million held with the banks in the name of the borrower;
- Undertaking to deposit all sale proceeds from the sale of properties in Mina Al Arab project in the overdraft account; and
- Undertaking to cover any excess over the sanctioned facilities from the Company's own sources.

#### 16. Revenue

		s period ended 30 September	Nine months period ender 30 Septembe		
	2017	2016	2017	2016	
	AED '000	AED '000	AED '000	AED '000	
	(unaudited)	(unaudited)	(unaudited)	(unaudited)	
Sale of properties	43,693	145,326	229,010	266,027	
Forfeiture income	-	-	-	1,132	
Facility management fee	8,044	6,868	22,207	20,142	
Rental income	6,083	6,169	17,901	18,165	
Others	877	-	877	-	
	58,697	158,363	269,995	305,466	
	_			-	

## 17. Basic earnings per share

	Three months period ended 30 September		Nine months period ende 30 Septembe	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
	(unaudited)	(unaudited)	(unaudited)	(unaudited)
Profit for the period (in AED '000)	13,063	40,453	74,730	79,146
				-
Number of shares (in '000)	2,000,000	2,000,000	2,000,000	2,000,000
	===:			
Basic earnings per share (in AED)	0.006	0.02	0.04	0.04
	-			

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit for the period by the number of shares outstanding at the end of the reporting period.

## 18. Related party transactions

The Group, in the ordinary course of business, enters into transactions, at agreed terms and conditions, with other business enterprises or individuals that fall within the definition of related parties contained in International Accounting Standard 24. The Group has a related party relationship with Government of Ras Al Khaimah, its shareholders, directors and executive officers, (including business entities over which they can exercise significant influence or which can exercise significant influence over the Group).

## 18. Related party transactions (continued)

Balance due from/(due to) related parties are as follows:

	30 September 2017 AED '000 (unaudited)	31 December 2016 AED '000 (audited)
Term deposits	250,000	250,000
Bank overdraft	(312,835)	(140,812)

During the period, the Group entered into the following transactions with related parties:

	Three months period ended 30 September 2017 2016		Nine month	s period ended 30 September 2016
	AED '000	AED '000	AED '000	AED '000
	(unaudited)	(unaudited)	(unaudited)	(unaudited)
Key management remuneration:				
Salaries and benefits	1,266	1,399	7,223	7,022
End of service benefits	92	89	268	264
	1,358	1,488	7,491	7,286
Directors remuneration	-	-	5,000	3,500
Interest income on term deposits	1,598	1,278	4,740	3,806
Interest expenses on term loans	-	-	-	682
Interest expenses on bank overdraft	2,115	1,192	5,194	2,568

## Other related party transactions

The Government of Ras Al Khaimah has granted certain plots of land with an aggregate area of 67.1 million square feet on the condition that these lands undergo development.

## 19. Cash and cash equivalents

	30 September	30 September
	2017	2016
	AED '000	AED '000
	(unaudited)	(unaudited)
Bank balances and cash – net	354,109	305,623
Current accounts – unclaimed dividends	(52,058)	(53,241)
Term deposits with maturity more than three months	(300,000)	(250,000)
	2,051	2,382

## 20. Commitments and contingent liabilities

Commitments relating to the property development are as follows:

	30 September 2017 AED '000 (unaudited)	31 December 2016 AED '000 (audited)
Approved and contracted	302,853	142,090
	-	

#### 21. Fair value measurements

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. As such, differences can arise between book values and the fair value estimates. Underlying the definition of fair value is the presumption that the Group is a going concern without any intention or requirement to materially curtail the scale of its operation or to undertake a transaction on adverse terms.

Fair value of financial instruments carried at amortised cost

Management considers that the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities recognised at amortised cost in the financial statements approximate their fair values.

## 21. Fair value measurements (continued)

Valuation techniques and assumptions applied for the purposes of measuring fair value

The fair values of financial and non-financial assets and financial liabilities are determined using similar valuation techniques and assumptions as used in the audited annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2016.

Financial assets	Fair val	ue as at				Relationship
	September 2017 AED'000 (unaudited)	December 2016 AED'000 (audited)	Fair value hierarchy	Valuation techniques and key inputs	Significant unobservable input	of unobservable inputs to fair value
Available for sale Unquoted private equity investments and funds	•	126,640	Level 3	Net assets/ adjusted net asset value valuation method due to the unavailability of market	Net assets value/ Market approach	Higher the net assets value of the investees, higher the fair
Unquoted private equity investments and funds	96,000	141,000	Level 2	and comparable financial information.  Net assets values were determined based on the latest available audited/historical financial information. wherever information is available.	арромен	value.
Quoted equity securities	52,204	-	Level l	Quoted bid prices in an active market.	None	NA
Financial assets at	FVTPL					
Quoted equity securities	22,825	28,226	Level 1	Quoted bid prices in an active market.	None	NA
Unquoted investments	11,253	11,107	Level 3	Net assets valuation method due to the unavailability of market and comparable financial information. Net assets values were determined based on the latest available audited/historical financial information. Market approach is applied wherever	Net assets value	Higher the net assets value of the investees, higher the fair value.

information is available.

## 21. Fair value measurements (continued)

Fair value measurements recognised in the condensed consolidated statement of financial position

The following table provides an analysis of financial and non-financial instruments that are measured subsequent to initial recognition at fair value, grouped into Levels 1 to 3 based on the degree to which the fair value is observable:

- Level 1 fair value measurements are those derived from quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities:
- Level 2 fair value measurements are those derived from inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices); and
- Level 3 fair value measurements are those derived from valuation techniques that include inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

	Level 1 AED '000	Level 2 AED '000	Level 3 AED '000	Total AED '000
30 September 2017 (unaudited)	(unaudited)	(unaudited)	(unaudited)	(unaudited)
Available-for-sale Unquoted equities and funds Quoted equity securities	52,204	96,000	110,625	206,625 52,204
Financial assets carried at FVTPL Assets held for trading	22,825	-	11,253	34,078
Investment properties	-	-	1,960,887	1,960,887
Investment properties under development			339,174	339,174
	75,029	96,000	2,421,939	2,592,968
	Level l AED '000 (audited)	Level 2 AED '000 (audited)	Level 3 AED '000 (audited)	Total AED '000 (audited)
31 December 2016	(uuditeu)	(dddiiod)	(43.431.25)	(,
Available-for-sale Unquoted equities and funds		141,000	126,640	267,640
Financial assets carried at FVTPL Assets held for trading	28,226	-	11,107	39,333
Investment properties	-	-	1,960,887	1,960,887
Investment properties under development	-	-	295,299	295,299
	28,226	141,000	2,393,933	2,563,159

There were no transfers between the levels during the period. There are no financial liabilities which should be measured at fair value and accordingly no disclosure is made in the above table.

## 22. Seasonality of results

Dividend income of AED 1,046 thousand was recorded in the condensed consolidated statement of income for the nine months period ended 30 September 2017 (nine months period ended 30 September 2016: AED 980 thousand).

## 23. Approval of condensed consolidated financial statements

These condensed consolidated financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 4 November 2017